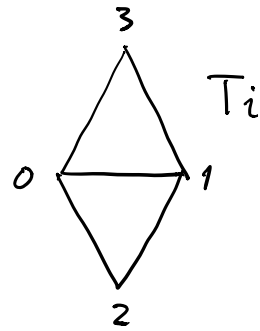
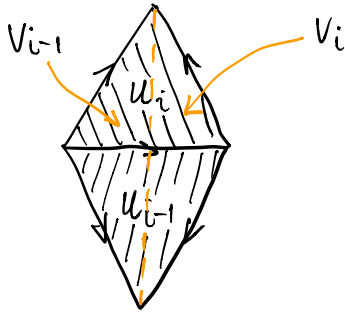
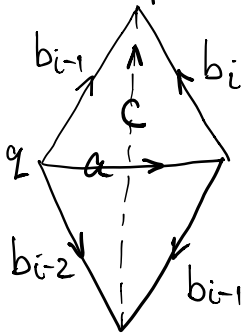


# Lens space $L(m, 1)$

Simplices  $p$



$$\partial a = 0$$

$$\partial b_i = p - q$$

$$\partial c = 0$$

$$\partial u_i = a + b_i - b_{i-1}$$

$$\partial v_i = c + b_{i-1} - b_i$$

$$\partial T_i = v_i - v_{i-1} + u_i - u_{i-1}$$

$$\delta p^* = -\sum b_i^*$$

$$\delta q^* = \sum b_i^*$$

$$\delta a^* = \sum u_i^*$$

$$\delta b_i^* = u_i^* - u_{i+1}^* + v_{i+1}^* - v_i^*$$

$$\delta c^* = \sum v_i^*$$

$$\delta u_i^* = -T_i^* + T_{i+1}^*$$

$$\delta v_i^* = -T_i^* + T_{i+1}^*$$

$$H^*(L(m, 1); \mathbb{Z}/m) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z}/m & * = 0, 1, 2, 3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Generators:  $p^* + q^*$  generates  $H^0$

$x = \sum_{i=1}^m i b_i^* - a^* + c^*$  generates  $H^1$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta(x) &= \sum i u_i^* - \sum i u_{i+1}^* + \sum i v_{i+1}^* - \sum i v_i^* \\ &\quad - \sum u_i^* + \sum v_i^* = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$(u_i^* - v_i^*) \sim (u_{i+1}^* - v_{i+1}^*)$  generates  $H^2$

$$x \cup x = -x \cup x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(x \cup x) = 0$$

If  $m$  is odd  $\Rightarrow x \cup x = 0$

If  $m$  is even, there are two 2-torsion elements  
mod  $m$ :  $0, \frac{m}{2}$ .

To get a nonzero cup product  $\alpha^* \cup \beta^*$  for  $\alpha, \beta$  1-simplices,  
need  $\alpha$  front face,  $\beta$  back face of a 2-simplex:

$$a^* \cup b_i^* = -u_i^*$$

$$b_{i-1}^* \cup c^* = -v_i^*$$

all other cup products are 0.

$$x \cup x = (\sum i b_i^* - a^* + c^*) \cup (\sum i b_i^* - a^* + c^*)$$

$$= (-a^* \cup \sum i b_i^*) + (\sum i b_i^* \cup c^*)$$

$$= \sum i u_i^* - \sum i v_{i+1}^*$$

$$= \sum i u_i^* - \sum (i+1) v_{i+1}^* + \underbrace{\sum v_{i+1}^*}_{\delta c^*}$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} i (u_i^* - v_i^*)$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} i (u_0^* - v_0^*)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & m \text{ odd} \\ \frac{m}{2}(u_0^* - v_0^*) & m \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

Ex  $L(2,1) \cong \mathbb{R}P^3$